**USN** 





15ME51

## Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2021 Management and Engineering Economics

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 80

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions.			
2. Use of Interest factors table is permitted.			
1	a.	What are the various levels of management? Explain in brief.	(08 Marks)
	b.	Explain the three important roles of manager.	(08 Marks)
2	a.	Discuss the importance of planning and briefly explain the hierarchy of plans.	(08 Marks)
	b.	What is Decision making? What are its objectives?	(08 Marks)
3	a.	What is organizing? What are the various types of organization?	(08 Marks)
	b.	Briefly explain the following:	
		<ul><li>i) Centralization v/s decentralization</li><li>ii) MBO and MBE.</li></ul>	(08 Marks)
		ii) Wibo and Wibi.	(vo marks)
4	a.	What is Motivation? Explain MC Gregor's theory X and theory Y of motivation?	(08 Marks)
	b.	What is coordination? Briefly explain the importance and techniques of coordinat	
			(08 Marks)
5	a.	Explain in brief "Problem solving procedure" in engineering economics.	(06 Marks)
	b.	Explain the following:	,
		i) Price elasticity of demand	
		ii) Income elasticity of demand.	(10 Marks)
6	a.	Define Interest. Explain effective rate of interest and nominal rate of interest.	(08 Marks)
	b.	A person avails a loan of Rs.10,000/- from a bank at an interest rate of 12% per at	nnum. Find
		the amount to be repaid in 5 years if the interest is compounded.  i) Annually ii) Semiannually iii) Quarterly iv) Monthly.	(08 Marks)
		i) randariy ii) Schilatilidariy iii) Quarteriy iv) Working.	(00 Marks)
7	a.	What are the conditions for present worth method of comparison of alternatives? Explain.	
	Ĉ	An investor con make 2 and af year necessary of Da 15000/ which are symposted	(06 Marks)
	U.	An investor can make 3 end of year payments of Rs.15000/- which are expected receipts of Rs.10000/- at the end of year 4, that will increase annually by Rs.250	
		following 4 years. Find the present worth of this investment at 10% interest. Us	
		your analysis.	(10 Marks)
8	a.	What is equivalent annual worth method of comparison of alternatives? V	Vhat is its

- 8 a. What is equivalent annual worth method of comparison of alternatives? What is its advantage? (06 Marks)
  - b. A parcel of land adjacent to a proposed highway exist is deemed likely to increase in value. It can be purchased now for Rs.80000/- and is expected to be worth Rs.150,000/- (1.5 lakhs) in 5 years. During that period it can be rented for pasture at Rs.1500/year. Annual taxes are presently at Rs.850/year and will likely to remain constant. What rate of return will be earned on this investment? (10 Marks)



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- 9 a. With the help of a chart/block diagram, explain the various elements of cost. (07 Marks)
  - b. A small firm is producing 100 pens per day. The direct material cost is found to be Rs.160/-, direct labour cost is Rs.200/- and factory overheads to it are Rs.250/-. If the selling and distribution expenses are 40% of the factory cost, what must be the selling price of each pen to realize a profit of 14.6% of the selling price? (09 Marks)
- 10 a. Define Depreciation. What are the various causes of depreciation? (07 Marks)
  - b. Find the depreciation amount during 5<sup>th</sup> year and book value at the end of 8<sup>th</sup> year using
    - i) Straight line method
    - ii) Declining balance method
    - Sum of the years digits method, for a machinery with an initial cost of Rs.1,50,000/- and a salvage value of Rs.10,000/- after a service life of 10 years. (09 Marks)

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